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Evaluation of ontology from philosophical perspectives of pragmatism and its effects on education

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Pragmatistsviewofhowtheuniverse?Whatis

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ABSTRACT

This descriptive study explores the ontological and anthropological analysis of the philosophical perspective of pragmatism and their impact on education is discussed. The most important principle in ontology pragmatists, "the change "that meets the changing and everything is changing Pragmatic view of human life balance and continuous world. Humans are not separate from nature. This school over other schools of education focused on the problem of human existence. In this view of the philosophy of education theory in the broad sense of the word. Pragmatists are active in school and student activist. Education consists of rehabilitation of individual experiences in his life is going. This approach is child-centered education. The teacher's role in guiding and fellow students. Introduction philosophy of pragmatism (ontology and anthropology) and business-based training and the ability to review and explore the strengths and weaknesses of educational philosophy of Pragmatism is the subject of this article and also The overall aim of the study: Evaluation of the ontology School Pragmatism and Its Impact on Education.

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existence-an ontology, we discuss the philosophy of the followers

thatthe

andman's relationship with the two. Thus, it becomes clear that the

ideal humanworld andwhatare the characteristics of the

schoolandtheschoolis based ontherealization that theworld or

thepeople inyourwhat typethe objectives, principles, content,

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that the samean ontologyor ontology, is: whether thereis

Introduction

Birthplace ofthe philosophicalschool Americaandotherregionsthatincludepracticalphilosophy, tegrity, operation, vehicleor organic philosophy. Famousthinkers of this schoolinclude:Pierce, WilliamJamesandJohnDewey. Worldview ofpragmatism, based its extensive experience of perceiving, feeling, thinking, judging, comparing, describing, in relation totherationalcourseislaid outwith each other. School ofthoughtcentered pragmatism, usefulnessand practicality ofthecontent ofhuman thinking. The truthvaluedepends onits practicalusefulness. Verify nowcriterion, the actions of men, is onsideredreasonableorrationalreason forhim. Americans more practical aspects of the theoretical aspects ofAmerican cultureandphilosophy ofcareand theprincipleof authenticityactionisconsistentbecause itisculturallyorientedand hasa varietyofdisparateandand heterogeneous. Pragmatismis thekind oftrend, style orphilosophyandthepractical consequences ofhumanthoughts andbeliefsasbasic riteriato determinetheirtruevalue.

Introduction tophilosophyof pragmatism(ontology anthropology) andbusiness-based training andthe ability toreviewandexplore thestrengths and weaknessesof educationalphilosophy ofPragmatismisthe subject thisarticle.Cultural rootsand development ofpragmaticthinkinginAmericais relatedto theformationand development of the countrysince the European settlers in this new landdealandtryto builda societywith nopasthistoryofhas been formed.According tothis view.topican ontologyand anthropologyandProblem Statement: Generalmetaphysicsisan ontology, as wellasstudies. Thepurpose ofthe ontology, knowledge of "pure art" and "absolute existence" is. (Dadbeh, 2010: 136)

Pragmatistseducational philosophyasaphilosophy of life, as far as thephilosophy of John Dewey's educational philosophydid notexceptionsofaristheimportanceand

The importance and necessity of research:

generalway,

lifestyleandmeansto helphuman?

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"(Ebrahimzadeh,

1998:

186)."America's

formationand

currentresearchin the conductoftrainingoftheeducationalphilosophy andwhat's most importantThis school of thoughtontologyandsolutionsan anthropologyfortrainingbe extracted. Learningto liveandactthe questionraisedbythepragmatistsa transformation of our educational events created that indicates an attitude of moderneducation. The world, especially

inthemanyadvances intoday's America owe their school efforts pragmatism (such as John Dewey) holds. Recognizing the educational philosophy ragmais merely atheory but aphilosophy of life is also important and need further investigation reveals.

Inthisschoolthe morebelief in theimpact ofscience and technologyto improvepeople'sliving conditionsis stressed. Belief in individual freedomanddemocracy andtheir viewofthe close relationshipthey havewitheachotherin the development ofcancer. Eachhuman beingsto solvetheirproblemsina particular schoolbecause itbrings thephilosophers with attention and deep

thoughtthatthemereareissueswiththeobjectsandthecoordinatedatti tudinizesandmentalorganizedand

the existence phenomena fewer thoughts Contradictions answers to various problems are evident and have more integrity.

The overall aim of the study: Evaluation of the ontologySchoolPragmatism and Its Impact on Education:

Subsidiaryobjectives of the study:
1-DoPragmatiststhe ontologyimpactoneducation?
2-Theanthropology of education has an impacton the pragmatists?
3-Effect of education on how pragmatists ontology and anthropology?

ResearchMethodology:

Thispaperdescribesan analyticalmethodfor the collection and compilation of(qualitative) has been used. Present studyaimed to describethe wayssetoutconditions orphenomenaarestudied. (Sarmadandothers, Rundescriptive researchtobetter understandexisting conditionsorsimplyto helpthe making decision processis. Toreviewreveals content of the messages in a text can be used forcontentanalysis. The main usecontent analysisto describethe characteristics of amessage.

Education:

term"education" in abroad sense, referstoall The theprocesses of humancultural lifeprovides. (Gvtk, 2002: 11) Educationtakes placein school. Socialinstitutionsin order tofosterthe skills. knowledge, and values areestablishedfavorableThe concept ofeducationin the pastwas totransferknowledgeand skills. But ifeducationistheJohn Deweybelieved thattheywouldrevisit theexperienceand theformationorgrowth oftheproperjudgmentorconductofa persondeemedtodo with whatway we workin the past, was used by will differ considerably dependingcompletely(Shariatmadari1985: 31).

Pragmatism andEducation: Pragmaticthinkingor philosophyof pragmatisminAmericawas formed and so on became very popular in European countries. "Pragmatism, in fact a streamof thoughtthatnineteenthcenturyAmericabyCharlesPress(1829 1914)was set.He saidsomethingthatwe should notgoin vain. ordertounderstandthe truthofthingsabout thepracticalimpactandresultfor us isthat theyhaveto investigate. WilliamJames(1842 - 1910)developed thePierceopinion. JohnDewey(1851 1952)of scientificmaterialismlinkedwiththeideas ofJames.

development, improving the human conditionin light of the factthatactivities thatarethe intellectualunder theguidanceforceis possible, proved so pragmatism, philosophy of thehumanintellectany and all decisionspowerisasthe impact of immigrantsconstitutean thehave anEuropean todealwiththe new worldandthe intellectualforceand use itwithoutexperiencerequiredexercitationinall facetsof life. Another factorin strengtheningthe foundations of American publics chool lifewas pragmatism mobility. The thirdfactor inAmerica's culture, belief in democracy andtheimprovement of living conditions was due to the impact of andtechnology. (Shariatmadari, 1985: science 197).Pragmaclaim thattruthisprovisionaljudgmentisobtainedfrom experience. (Gvtk. 2002: 114). PragmatismlikePeirce, William James and John Deweyrejected the olderphilosophiesbelievedthatphilosophyshould beappliedto solvehuman problemsPragmatismhaveexperimental scienceand natureand thechanging worldand its problemsaswell, pay.Experienceandinteract withtheorganism(organism) andhisenvironmentis created..Theideas schoolboundariesofreality"interactive" or interactionbetween man andhisenvironmentarises,in reality,the sumtotalof what "we" weexperience Man andhisEnvironmentcoordinationandHmpayhandandhave equalresponsibilitytowardsreality".(Sharynzhad, 1983. 243)..Theideas of the school boundaries of reality "interactive" or interactionbetween man andhisenvironmentarises,in reality,the "we" what weexperience sumtotalof of man andhisenvironmentand thelevel ofcoordinationandresponsibilitytowardswhatis realareequal. "(Sharynzhad, 1983: 243). According topragmatists, even manystatementsthatseem tohave nopractical applicationandexperienceare farfrom well reality, as astheexperienceand practiceare concerned(Naghibzadeh, 2012: 169).Pragmatistseachvaluerelativeand depends onthe specific circumstances psychological, cultural ofsocial. general, and hold thatcertain conditionstheyfoundnofixed targetforeducationisnot anidealimmortal, andthetargetvalues, and thetransientSpecialsituationsareGeorgeHerbertMead(1863 -1931)asJohnDewey(1859 1952)in education, centered, especially inearlychildhoodeducationcoursewas interested. Hecreated agamebased onthegametheorywas seen activitythatlinksgoalstothe asan nextactivity. particularlylaborcreates. Although it is not clear when they (Gvtk, play. Dewey during his service at Chicago University "Lab School" founded and led from 1896 to 1904. Dewey's laboratory school for children 4 to 14 years to approach, play, and express the nature of construction experience to life with mutually beneficial cooperation and provide for children (Gvtk, 2002 basis"pragmatism" based onthe theusefulnessand practicality ofhuman thinkingrounder. In other words, the truth is the only practical benefit (Nikzad, 2004: 105). The ontologyPragmatists:

In addition, we noted that pragmatism is the philosophy of life is seen asaphilosophical schoolepistemicidentificationofwaysin whichto engagethe attention oftheotherideas. mainprincipleoftheontologypragmatists"change"thataccording to it, everything in the worldischangingandthere isnothingfixed orstablereality. In other words, "change"isthephilosophy ofthe reality.This principle isrooted in ofHeraclitus(540-480 BC.BC). Greekphilosopher. Hisworldwaslikenedtoa river, alwaysflowing. In his opinion, nota momentbeforethemoment.(Russell, Ourunderstandingofthefunction ofsensory perceptionandtheperceptionof individuals vary, so everything is relative and notabsolute truth, one can imagine The international activists and development is incomplete and the Halshdn. Experience in a broad sense, it forms the The basis pragmatic cosmology.

Experienced the pragmatist view includes perception, feeling, thinking judging, comparing, describing, garlic and rational relation to the affairs of the time. (Shariatmadari, 1985: 199).Pragmatistphilosophers

whobelieveevolutiontheorywhichtypesare in turnexpressesthe notclosedmilitarystillnessis thatthe realissueis processevolvinginexpanding. Everything arises and evolves in nature(Meyer, 1990:117). Theory of evolution includes all aspects Someassumethatevolutionis ofhuman life. trueofthe humanbodyand theparticularsituationinhisintellectualforcesis not correctpragmatists.

Asthedevelopmentgrowswithoutsocialcommunicationcreate sawarenessandintellectualforceofhuman lifewill appeargradual.Mutual influenceoneach experienceandenvironment.Foreignobjectsastheyarereflectedin our minds. In other words, our mindis notpassive, but also influenced by previous experience, ourgoals, and whatis valuableto usin particularseeksthe sensorvimpressions. ourknowledgeofthe external worldas a resultofthisinterplay. Thepragmatistsareobjects butwhen outside. theseobjectswefindthe factthattheyarepart ofour experienceandour perception ofform(Shariatmadari, 1985: 200).According toJohnDeweycontinuation of liferequiresinteractionwith thenatural environment.Deweyisthenature ofhumansasa means tochangeparts of theenvironment isdifficultto usefeaturesenhancesustaining life. (Gvtk, 2002: 129).

Pragmatistshumanperspective:

Pragmaticview ofhumanlifebalanceand continuousworld. Humansare notseparate fromnature. Rather, it ispart ofnature and constantly. Thisbioticsocialisalwaysinfluenced bythe natural environment.Becausehumanlivesandoneof themembers of the humancommunitythat despite themanydifferences betweenindividuals, joinedtogetherconstantlyaffect and are affectedbyinteractionswith one another. Theoreditissusceptibletohumanand socialesteem. Becauseofthe society, ability ofhuman notsomuchand. finally. atalentheisneither man nor woman. Ihave always beenacollectorroutetotake, which meansareflection of social thoughtinhismind(Dewey, 2006: 10).The relationship betweenindividuals andtheirinteraction withthephilosophyofpragmatismis very important. According toDewey, but alsoaproductofoursocietyanddoingwhateverthe resultis socialinteraction, as a society, in fact, thepeople, as well asthe mutual relations ofthem.Inspiresandinfluencesofhumansocietytakes shapeandform, without thepriorspecific humans shapeisalwaysasolution.Unlikeanimals, areforced tocomplywith theenvironment, if necessary, change the environmentfor humansandtheirevolutionaryhigherstageof developmentof ofhelpDefinitionis the thinking As we know, language is asocial product. Thus, Deweywrites, "do not make our ownminds, our intellect, although it is not part of our existence. we have made, intellectthroughtrainingenvironmentcreates. So, thereasonitis not ourthinking andourthinking, it is a community. (Dewey, 1345:

Localactivistswillbetrainedto the conclusion that peopledo Forexample, Jamestothefree willofman.knows notvalue. theideasinto practice. According to Dewey, who isinclined tonaturalismhumansarefree to choosethe thatChristianityposes. strivetowards Itmust thisrelease. Thepower ofscienceand technologiescontinuallyevolvesandprogressestogivehim. "Under philosophyof pragmatismand socialnatureof manisinherentlyis flexible andchangeable. According to the schoolchildrenof activeinventorvis continuallybeingtraded environmentinthereconstructionof andtheir their experience. Because the childis dependent othersfortheirsurvival, so mustlearn tolivetogetherandcooperate withothersandwhetheryourconsciousofbiologicalandwith the environmenttoadapt social tosocially. (Nikzad, 2004: 107).Educationfrom the perspective ofpragmatism: Notedearlierthat JohnDewey's philosophyasan important compliment to say: "The philosophy ofeducation theoryin thebroad sense."Inaddition todealingwith issues ofhumanof reason activity during growthprovidesindividualrequirements.

Incapableandhelplesshumanbabyat first, but through alsoexperiencerises experienceand andentersthestage perfection. There is areciprocal relationshipbetween the individual andthe cultural heritageandsocialstructuresonindividualexperiencesappear.Consi thatsocialstructureinfluencesindividualexperiences, pragmatistsrealizedemocracyanditsprinciplesaregiftedhuman individualsfaith. faith humanof reasonandexperienceworkingas acollectiveembrace(Shariatmadari, 1985: 201). pragmatistsactiveschooland According tothese principles, studentactivistsconsider. Theteacher'stask istoselectandconductexperimentsin thefield ofgroup individualactivities forindividualsbroughtupinthe knowledgeand understanding. Disciples interested in choosing was a particularly significant experiences.

Learningandteachingaccoladesthatlifeisbased onpragmatism, not blindlytrustthebooksbutbelieves

thatchildrenlearnthroughindividual

activitymorehypnosistechniques. (Sharynzhad, 1983: 248).Pragmatistsbelieve

thatstudentsshouldbeconstantlyactivestatusandnotexpecthimto accepttheidea ofideas andresults. Pragmatists. smallcommunityschool, greatcommunity, and

believesthatstudentscanstarttheir activities in the society or general moral rights and duties become withandapplythem. The projectmethodofteaching way. Inthis thatpragmatismgivesimportant way,children withacademic problems they are facing in life personally think about themandworkfor them. (Ibid.)."Education tooltoassistinthetransportof itscultural heritage, its cultural liferenewed, and thusgivesitcontinuity. (Gvtk, 2002: 138). According to Dewey, the sole purpose of education or experience, namely the reconstructionso that thenextexperimentsleadto theguidance and control.(Ibid.)SotheDeweygoodeducationwas sameexperiencewithreconstructionso thatthemeaning andexperienceincreaseand theywill guidefuture. Dewey's work in the field ofphilosophy of educationbased onthe asone of themost importantfactors thatwouldemphasizecommunity building.Pragmatistsexperience ineducational philosophy, activities, and problem solving (problem solving) and placedat the centerof ourthinking about the self-caused changes education provided.

Pragmatistsontology andanthropologyimpactoneducation: Pragmaticphilosophy, philosophy of education must take into accountthefactbecause, asnoted earlierinthisthreadofphilosophical schoolsand educationthan otherschools of philosophy are taken into consideration. Dewey'sphilosophy educationthatconsidersaspects. And believes thatthephilosophy ofeducation theory mentionedearlierthatthephilosophy of pragmatism is changing things. Therefore, theeducationvariableis changing. And thecircumstances of each community and when it is changed. Indeed. educationisoneof themodernization of theexperiencesinhislifeis going.Afterthe trainingis consideredfixedtargets "Purposes and means ofeducationshould beflexible andbe opendue toconstantrevision. They shouldbe followed byrationaland practical. Instruments inherent alsobethemeans objectives totheirgoalsand may oftheir respective conclusion. Havingtrainedboth ofthem. i.e. thegoalandthe means.Forthe purpose, the intentionisto improvethe human species, iscausedbythewayto do thisshow. "(Ebrahimzadeh, 2005:194).Educational goalsof theactivistsshouldbebased on experience, they musthavetheirminingexperiencesandidealsthat

areamenabletodirect theactivities. This training course will be ableto develop the talents of the individual through the modernization experiences and gainnew experiences and gethimany newpoints of around the will capable. Dewey's notion of education as a second result of the control of the

permanentreconstructionandinterpretation

ofexperience, it defined "education is the restructuring orreorganization of experience which adds to the meaning experience and ability necessary to guide the course of subsequent experience gives increased (Dewey, 2006: 89). This attitude of trained activists, believe that human

natureisessentiallyflexible andchange.

Theyenablethechildisliving

thingthatisconstantlybusyreconstructionand

changetheirpractices. Because thechildisraisedin relation to others, so you shouldlearnto livetogetherandcooperate withthemandtheirconsciousneeds andsocial demandsconsistentreturnsbecausehumannatureisinfluenced

bysocial and Thetrainisalsoa socialphenomenonthathasembracedthem. Becausesocietyis changing, peoplealsoneedto traintheirnewpeople,a new societyandthesocialand educationalneeds, in turn, requiresan entitycalled theschool (the school) is. The functionof this institution is toprovide opportunities tolearnthrough experienceto meet the demands of society. As far ascourse content might be interested in solving the urgent matters problems of children

andtheirrelationshipwill.Pragmatistsaddressingeducationthan otherof schools of philosophy, led toprogressiveeducationmovementinAmericais

found,thatDeweywasone ofitspioneers. Thistype oftrainingwillfocustheir attentionmore to thestudentlearnsandbelieves

thathumanlifeandlearnthetopicsthatareusedin lifeshould berefused.Whenitis done, and we learnthatlearningis based onthe desireofstudentstopayup. Soduringthe training, practicedevelopmentand

modernizationexperiencenottransferdataquantities and beliefs of the teacher to the student.

Education Review pragmatics based ontology and Anthropology:

As was observed in thephilosophy of education theoryand philosophy, education essentially pragmatists regard to where Dewey's philosophy of lifephilosophy of Education than did Sothereis aneed toreviewthe case ofontologyand anthropologypragmatists. The most importantchange wastheintroduction of the main activists in the ontology that they considerthe foundation of the worldof reality. This principle can beonlypart ofthetruthof beingaccepted. Because ofthe change incharacteristicsarenot all trueat levels. Manyphilosophersbelieve thatsomearefarhasnotchanged, like the existenceof GodMoreover, contrary to thesenseofpurpose andultimatepragmatistsare, they're constantlychanging andmoving, but they're nooriginandnoreliance. If the purposeof eachactivity intheactivityitself, then its timeto changethe changeshould be, and this means that you're talking objective is nonself. SuchHestiaistheidentity?Pragmatists, a manEducationin such awaythat theworldcanknowtheir materialis enclosedaspart ofthiswholeexplainingthehuman face.Practitionersofa manarmed withabiological organismtrying tosurvivethe inevitabledriveistrying toadapt totheirenvironment andadapttoitis. Andwasinvolved estruggleforconsistencythinkingis tooltosolve problemsiscompatibility. Thethinkingman'sfeaturesas well asanythingelse(likeconscience, ethics) heis shapedbysocialandculturalforce. Itacteddepictionof thehumanface. the signsandsymptomsofpartialeffects inhumanswould beaperfectimage

Conclusions

conscience)

canthereforecontribute

consciencewithreason

According topragmatistsapproachtowardshumanexistence and their impact ontheeducationaloutcomesof schooleducationcan bebriefly ina few principlesbe expressed:

Because thegoalofcompleteandconsistenthighpicks(by reason

to

rediscovers

andideasthat

thedevelopment

herexistenceand

of moralityand

governsociety.

1-From the perspective of achild'seducationiscentral to the school originand the interaction between natural and social environment of the child that he is experiencing. 2 - Training of motivation and talent is innate pragmatism justify the guidance and education of the child are result of ductility, active and effective, innovative and creative uses for training. 3-pragmatists for the individual, freedom of belief and faith, there are a great value.

4-Pragmatistsbelieve that students should be constantly active status and he should not expect peopleto acceptide as and thoughts of.

5-studentsmust go througha problem-solvingapproachtoreachthe project

This approach is child-centered education. Here is the task manager as follows:

- Students recognize every respect.
- Issues and problems that are introduced in the classroom to help students solve.
- Students will be trained to choose their own favorite issues.
- -The school shouldreflectaspects of their social good. -Simplifies the complex task of the school community.
- -The task of coordinating the school, the students' understanding and intimacy.
- -Help the teachers and fellowstudentsis responsible.
 -To reform teacher education should be prepared and trainedhimto bean emphasis on continuing education.

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